Foot-candle

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A **foot-candle** (sometimes **foot candle**; abbreviated fc, lm/ft^2 , or sometimes ft-c) is a non-SI unit of illuminance or light intensity. The name "foot-candle" conveys "the illuminance cast on a surface by a one-candela source one foot away". This unit is commonly used in lighting layouts in parts of the world where SAE units are used.

The unit foot-candle is defined as the amount of illumination the inside surface of a one-foot-radius sphere would be receiving if there were a uniform point source of one candela in the exact center of the sphere. Alternatively, it can be defined as the illuminance on a one-square foot surface of which there is a uniformly distributed flux of one lumen.

Thus one foot-candle is equal to one lumen per square foot or approximately 10.764 lux.^[note 1] In practical applications, as when measuring room illumination, it is very difficult to measure illuminance more accurately than $\pm 10\%$, and for many purposes it is quite sufficient to think of one foot-candle as about ten lux as is typically done in the lighting industry.



Use

In the lighting industry, foot-candles are a common unit of measurement used to calculate adequate lighting levels of workspaces in buildings or outdoor spaces. Foot-candles are also commonly used in the museum and gallery fields, where lighting levels must be carefully controlled to conserve light-sensitive objects such as prints, photographs, and paintings, the colors of which fade when exposed to bright light for a lengthy period.

In the motion picture cinematography field, incident light meters are used to measure the number of foot-candles present, which are used to calculate the intensity of motion picture lights, allowing cinematographers to set up proper lighting-contrast ratios when filming.

Since light intensity is the primary factor in the photosynthesis of plants, horticulturalists often measure and discuss optimum intensity for various plants in foot-candles. Full, unobstructed sunlight has an intensity of approximately 10,000 fc. An overcast day will produce an intensity of around 100 fc. The intensity of light near a window can range from 100 to 5,000 fc, depending on the orientation of the window, time of year and latitude.

Notes

1. One lumen per square foot is equal to 0.3048⁻² lumens per square meter. Since illuminance follows the inversesquare law a source that is farther away casts less illumination than one that is close, so one lux is less illuminance than one foot-candle.

See also

Photometry (optics) for more on the measurement of light.

External links

 Example chart of foot-candles and corresponding activities (https://docs.google.com/viewer? a=v&pid=sites&srcid=ZGVmYXVsdGRvbWFpbnxhc3NpZ25tZW50MWJ1aWxkaW5ncHJvZ3JhbXxneDo3NTRIMGMxYzk5MjJlZWM0)

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Categories: Imperial units | Units of illuminance | Photometry | Customary units of measurement in the United States

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General Electric Light Meter used in photography to measure light values in foot candles.

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