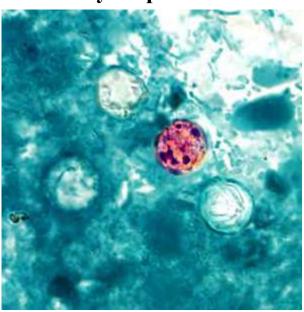
# **Cyclosporiasis**

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#### **Cyclosporiasis**



Cyclospora cayetanensis

#### Classification and external resources

**Specialty** infectious disease

**ICD-10** A07.8

(http://apps.who.int/classifications/icd10/browse/2016/en#/A07.8)

ICD-9-CM 007.5 (http://www.icd9data.com/getICD9Code.ashx?icd9=007.5)

**DiseasesDB** 32228 (http://www.diseasesdatabase.com/ddb32228.htm)

eMedicine ped/527 (http://www.emedicine.com/ped/topic527.htm)

Patient UK Cyclosporiasis (http://patient.info/doctor/cyclosporiasis)

MeSH D021866 (https://www.nlm.nih.gov/cgi/mesh/2017/MB\_cgi?

field=uid&term=D021866)

**Cyclosporiasis** is a disease caused by infection with *Cyclospora cayetanensis*, a pathogenic protozoan transmitted by feces or feces-contaminated food and water.<sup>[1]</sup> Outbreaks have been reported due to contaminated fruits and vegetables. It is not spread from person to person, but can be a hazard for travelers as a cause of diarrhea.

## **Contents**

- 1 Mode of infection
- 2 Diagnosis and treatment
- 3 Vaccine research
- 4 Epidemiology
- 5 References
- 6 External links

## **Mode of infection**

When an oocyst of *Cyclospora cayetanensis* enters the small intestine, it invades the mucosa, where it incubates for about one week. After incubation, the infected person begins to experience severe watery diarrhea, bloating, fever, stomach cramps, and muscle aches.

Oocysts are often present in the environment as a result of using contaminated water or human feces as fertilizer. Cyclosporiasis primarily affects humans and primates.

## Diagnosis and treatment

Diagnosis can be difficult due to the lack of recognizable oocysts in the feces. PCR-based DNA tests and acid-fast staining can help with identification. The infection is often treated with trimethaprine-sulfamethaxozol [Bactrim, co-

trimoxazole], because traditional anti-protozoal drugs are not sufficient. To prevent transmission, food should be cooked thoroughly and drinking water from streams should be avoided while outdoors.

## Vaccine research

There is no vaccine to control *Cyclospora* infection in humans at present, but one is available for reduction of fetal losses in sheep.

## **Epidemiology**

Although it was initially thought that *Cyclospora* was confined to tropical and subtropical regions of the world, occurrences of Cyclosporiasis are becoming more frequent in North America. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, a U.S. government public health agency, there have been 11 documented *Cyclospora* outbreaks in the U.S. and Canada since the 1990s. The CDC also recorded 1,110 laboratory-confirmed sporadic instances of *Cyclosporiasis*.<sup>[2]</sup> Between June and August 2013, multiple independent outbreaks of the disease in the U.S. sickened at least 631 people across 25 states.<sup>[3][4]</sup> Investigations later identified a bagged salad mixture as the cause of the outbreak in Iowa and Nebraska.<sup>[5]</sup>

In 2015, the CDC was notified of 546 ill persons with confirmed *Cyclospora* infection across 31 states. Cluster investigations in Texas, where the greatest number of infections was reported, suspected contaminated cilantro as the culprit.<sup>[6]</sup>

## References

- 1. Talaro, Kathleen P., and Arthur Talaro. *Foundations in Microbiology: Basic Principles*. Dubuque, Iowa: McGraw-Hill, 2002.
- 2. "Surveillance for Laboratory-Confirmed Sporadic Cases of Cyclosporiasis --- United States, 1997--2008". *cdc.gov*.

- 3. "Case Count Maps Outbreak Investigations 2013 Cyclosporiasis CDC". *cdc.gov*.
- 4. "CDC: 425 cases of cyclospora infection identified across 16 states". *cbsnews.com.* 5 August 2013.
- 5. http://www.idph.state.ia.us/IDPHChannelsService/file.ashx?file=2721EA4A-DB6B-4746-9FF4-0BF09C9BF3BE *Iowa Cyclospora Outbreak 2013 /Outbreak Update 7.31.13*, Iowa State Department of Public Health. Downloaded 6 Aug 2013.
- 6. http://www.cdc.gov/parasites/cyclosporiasis/outbreaks/2015/index.html

## **External links**

- Cyclosporiasis (http://dpd.cdc.gov/dpdx/HTML/Cyclosporiasis.htm) at Centers for Disease Control & Prevention
- Cyclospora Infection (http://www.mayoclinic.com/health/cyclospora/DS01024-Infection) at MayoClinic.com

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Categories: Protozoal diseases

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